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## What is claimed is:

- 1. A method for determining wear in a machine comprising:
  - a. providing a first material of a first color;
  - b. providing a second material of a second color;
  - c. melting the first and second materials in the machine to obtain a third material of a third color;
- d. obtaining the color of the third color to obtain a first color value;
  - e. obtaining a comparison of the first color value with a second color value, a difference between the first color value and the second color value indicates wear in the machine.
  - 2. The method as in claim 1 wherein the second color value is obtained from a color chip.
- 20 3. The method as in claim 1 wherein the second color value is obtained from a control part.
  - 4. The method as in claim 1 wherein the second color value is obtained from a predetermined line on a graph.
  - 5. The method as in claim 1 wherein the second color value is obtained from a predetermined mathematical equation.
- 6. The method as in claim 1 wherein the machine has a screw and a barrel which are separated by a distance, the difference between the first color value and the second color value indicates a change in the distance and wear in the machine.

7. The method as in claim 1 further comprising: repeating steps a-c after a specified period of time and obtaining the color of the third color to obtain a second color value.

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- 8. The method as in claim 7 further comprising the step of creating a graph with color value on one axis and time on the other axis, placing the first color value and second color value on the graph and forming a line with the values.
- 9. The method as in claim 8 further comprising the step of extrapolating the line beyond the values to determine the time when the color value will reach a predetermined value.
- 10. The method as in claim 7 further comprising the step of repeating steps a-c after a second specified period of time and obtaining the color of the third color to obtain a third color value.
- 11. The method as in claim 10 further comprising the step of repeating steps a-c after a third specified period of time and measuring the color of the fourth color to obtain a fourth color value.
  - 12. The method as in claim 10 further comprising the step of creating a graph with color value on one axis and time on the other axis, placing the color values on the graph and forming a line with the values.
  - 13. The method as in claim 12 further comprising the step of extrapolating the line beyond the values to determine the time when the color value will reach a predetermined value.

- 14. The method as in claim 7 further comprising creating a mathematical equation which represents the relationship between the values and the time period.
- 5 15. The method as in claim 14 wherein the equation is used to determine the time when the color value will reach a predetermined value.
- 16. The method as in claim 1 wherein the first material is in pellet form and the second material is in pellet form.
  - 17. The method as in claim 16 wherein the first material and second material are premixed.

18. The method as in claim 1 wherein the first material is in pellet form and the second material is in liquid form.

- 20 19. The method as in claim 1 wherein the first material is a precolored compound and the second material is a color concentrate.
- 20. The method as in claim 19 wherein the first color is yellow, the second color is blue and the third color is green.
- 21. The method as in claim 19 wherein the first color is white, the second color is blue and the third color is light blue.
  - 22. The method as in claim 1 wherein the first material is a natural resin and the second material is a color concentrate.

- 23. The method as in claim 1 wherein the first material is a natural resin and the second material is a colorant.
- 5 24. The method as in claim 23 wherein the colorant is selected from the group consisting of: a pigment, a dye, and a combination of a pigment and a dye.
- 25. The method as in claim 1 wherein the machine is 10 an extruder.
  - 26. The method as in claim 1 wherein the machine is an injection molding machine.
- 15 27. The method as in claim 1 wherein the third material is molded into a part.
  - 28. The method as in claim 27 wherein the step of obtaining the color is performed on the part.
  - 29. The method as in claim 1 wherein step d is performed using a measuring device.
- 30. The method as in claim 29 wherein the measuring device is a spectrophotometer.
  - 31. The invention as in claim 4 wherein the predetermined line is obtained by measuring the color of the third material at various intervals of time.
  - 32. The invention as in claim 4 wherein the predetermined line corresponds to the abrasiveness of the first material or the second material.

- 33. The invention as in claim 32 wherein a second predetermined line corresponds to the abrasiveness of a different first material or second material.
- 5 34. The invention as in claim 5 wherein the predetermined equation is obtained by measuring the color of the third material at various intervals of time.
- 35. The invention as in claim 5 wherein the predetermined equation corresponds to the abrasiveness of the first material or the second material.
  - 36. The invention as in claim 35 wherein a second predetermined equation corresponds to the abrasiveness of a different first material or second material.
    - 37. A method for determining wear in a machine comprising:
      - a. providing a first material of a first color;
      - b. providing a second material of a second color;
      - c. melting the first and second materials in the machine to obtain a third material of a third color;
      - d. forming the third material into a part;
- e. obtaining the color of the third color at a first location on the part to obtain a first color value and obtaining the color of the third color at a second location on the part to obtain a second color value;
- f. obtaining a comparison of the first color value with the second color value.
- 38. The method as in claim 37 wherein the machine has a screw and a barrel which are separated by a distance, the difference between the first color value

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and the second color value indicates a change in the distance and wear in the machine.

- 39. The method as in claim 37 wherein the first 5 material is in pellet form and the second material is in pellet form.
  - 40. The method as in claim 39 wherein the first material and second material are premixed.
  - 41. The method as in claim 37 wherein the first material is in pellet form and the second material is in liquid form.
- 15 42. The method as in claim 37 wherein the first color is yellow, the second color is blue and the third color is green.
- 43. The method as in claim 37 wherein the machine 20 is an extrusion molding machine.
  - 44. The method as in claim 37 wherein the machine is an injection molding machine.
- 25 45. The method as in claim 37 wherein the third material is molded into a part.
  - 46. The method as in claim 37 wherein step e is performed using a measuring device.
  - 47. The method as in claim 46 wherein the measuring device is a spectrophotometer.
- 48. A method for determining wear in a machine 35 comprising:
  - a. providing a first material of a first color;

- b. providing a second material of a second color, which will be melted with the first material in the machine to obtain a third material of a third color;
- c. obtaining the color of the third color to obtain a first color value;
- d. obtaining a comparison of the first color value with a second color value, a difference between the first color value and the second color value indicates wear in the machine.
- 50. A method for determining wear in a machine using a first material of a first color and a second material of a second color which are melted in the machine to obtain a third material of a third color, the method comprising:
  - a. at a first period of time, obtaining a first sample of the third material and measuring the color of the third color to obtain a first color value;
  - b. obtaining a comparison of the first color value with a second color value, a difference between the first color value and the second color value indicates wear in the machine.

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